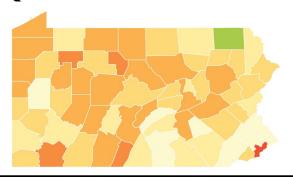
SCHOOL BREAKFAST IN PENNSYLVANIA

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY



County Totals

- 6 School Districts
- 13 Schools
- 13 Schools (100%) Serve Breakfast

6,182

Total Students

2,936
FRP*-Eligible Students



47%

Breakfast by the Numbers

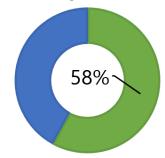
- Daily FRP* Breakfasts
- Daily FRP* Lunches

1,204

2,076

Breakfast-Lunch Ratio:

(Of all the students eating FRP* school lunch, the percent also eating FRP* school breakfast)



*Free and Reduced-Price (FRP) eligibility is 185% of the poverty line and below, which for a family of four is \$46,435.

**The "Blueprint for a Hunger-Free PA" includes a goal for PA to achieve a breakfast to lunch ratio of 60% by 2020. Food Research and Action Center (FRAC) promotes a 70% breakfast to lunch ratio goal. (See reverse for citations.)

Benefits of School Breakfast

- Better scores on standardized tests
- Better lifelong eating habits
- Lower risk of childhood obesity
- Fewer visits to the nurse's office
- Fewer behavioral & discipline problems
- Fewer absences, tardy arrivals, and missed class time

Data from the PA Department of Education, October 2018



School District Totals

	Number	Number of Schools		Number of	Average Daily Participation		Breakfast
School District	of Schools	Serving Breakfast	Number of Students	FRP*-Eligible Students	Breakfast	Lunch	to Lunch Ratio
Blue Ridge	2	2	1,003	478 (48%)	266	357	75%
Elk Lake	2	2	1,292	636 (49%)	233	405	58%
Forest City Regional	2	2	794	456 (57%)	250	369	68%
Montrose Area	3	3	1,302	565 (43%)	244	391	62%
Mountain View	2	2	947	338 (36%)	77	229	34%
Susquehanna Community	2	2	844	463 (55%)	131	322	41%

^{**}The Governor's Food Security Partnership report: "Setting the Table, A Blueprint for a Hunger-Free PA" can be found at: http://dhs.pa.gov/ending-hunger/about/blueprint/index.htm

The Food Research and Action Center's (FRAC) "School Breakfast Scorecard, 2017–2018 School Year" can be found at: http://frac.org/research/resource-library/school-breakfast-scorecard-2017-2018-school-year-february-2019

Note on Methodology:

The average daily student participation data for the 2018-2019 school year were calculated by dividing the number of free and reduced-price (FRP) breakfast and lunches served in October of each year by the number of school days for that same month. The average daily FRP school breakfast participation was then compared to the average daily FRP lunch participation. District totals include individual schools that do not have breakfast programs as long as at least one district school serves breakfast.